

SAFETY DATA SHEET BELZONA® 4351 (MAGMA CR5) SOLIDIFIER

SECTION 1: Identification of	the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking		
1.1. Product identifier			
Product name	BELZONA® 4351 (MAGMA CR5) SOLIDIFIER		
Product number	SN2631		
1.2. Relevant identified uses	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Identified uses	Barrier coating for protecting surfaces against the effects of chemical attack. For industrial use only.		
Uses advised against	The product should not be used for purposes other than those recommended in the appropriate Instructions For Use (IFU) leaflet.		
1.3. Details of the supplier of	the safety data sheet		
Supplier	Belzona Polymerics Limited Claro Road, Harrogate HG1 4DS United Kingdom +44 1423 567641 sds@belzona.com		
Manufacturer	Belzona Polymerics Limited Claro Road, Harrogate HG1 4DS United Kingdom +44 1423 567641 sds@belzona.com		
1.4. Emergency telephone ne	umber		
Emergency telephone	ChemTel: +1 813-248-0585		
SECTION 2: Hazards identifi	cation		
2.1. Classification of the subs	stance or mixture		
Classification (EC 1272/2008	3)		
Physical hazards	Not Classified		
Health hazards	Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 STOT SE 3 - H335 STOT RE 2 - H373		
Environmental hazards	Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412		
Reference	The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.		
2.2. Label elements			

Pictogram



v v	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	 H302 Harmful if swallowed. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H373 May cause damage to organs (Kidneys) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	 P260 Do not breathe vapours. P273 Avoid release to the environment. P280 Wear protective clothing, gloves, eye and face protection. P303+361+353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P313 Get medical attention.
Contains	BENZYL ALCOHOL, DIETHYLENETRIAMINE, METHYLENEOXIDE, POLYMER WITH BENZENAMINE, HYDROGENATED, M-PHENYLENEBIS(METHYLAMINE)

2.3. Other hazards

Based on information received from our suppliers no PBT or vPvB substances are intentionally added to this product.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients		
3.2. Mixtures		
BENZYL ALCOHOL		10-30%
CAS number: 100-51-6	EC number: 202-859-9	REACH registration number: 01- 2119492630-38-xxxx
Classification		
Acute Tox. 4 - H302		
Acute Tox. 4 - H332		
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319		

DIETHYLENETRIAMINE		10-309
CAS number: 111-40-0	EC number: 203-865-4	REACH registration number: 01- 2119473793-27-xxxx
Classification		
Acute Tox. 4 - H302		
Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Acute Tox. 2 - H330		
Skin Corr. 1B - H314		
Eye Dam. 1 - H318		
Skin Sens. 1 - H317		
STOT SE 3 - H335		
METHYLENEOXIDE, POLYMER WITH HYDROGENATED	BENZENAMINE,	10-309
CAS number: 135108-88-2	EC number: 603-894-6	REACH registration number: 01-
		2119983522-33-xxxx
Classification		
Acute Tox. 4 - H302		
Skin Corr. 1C - H314		
Skin Sens. 1 - H317 STOT RE 2 - H373		
Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412		
M-PHENYLENEBIS(METHYLAMINE)		10-309
CAS number: 1477-55-0	EC number: 216-032-5	REACH registration number: 01- 2119480150-50-xxxx
Classification		
Acute Tox. 4 - H302		
Acute Tox. 4 - H332		
Skin Corr. 1B - H314		
Eye Dam. 1 - H318		
Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412		
DGEBA REACTION PRODUCT WITH DIETHYLENETRIAMINE		5-109
CAS number: 68411-71-2	EC number: 270-141-2	
Classification		
Acute Tox. 4 - H302		

2-PIPERAZIN-1-YLETHYLAMINE			<1%
CAS number: 140-31-8	EC number: 205-411-0	REACH registration number: 01- 2119471486-30-XXXX	
Classification			
Acute Tox. 4 - H302			
Acute Tox. 3 - H311			
Skin Corr. 1B - H314			
Eye Dam. 1 - H318			
Skin Sens. 1 - H317			
Repr. 2 - H361			
STOT RE 1 - H372			
Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412			

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

Ingredient notes

Diethylenetriamine is toxic by inhalation when aerosolised or sprayed, however the chemical vapours show no signs of toxicity. If the product is not aerosolised or sprayed, inhalation toxicity does not apply when the toxicity of the finished product is calculated.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid	measures
General information	In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. Keep the patient warm and at rest. Give nothing by mouth.
Ingestion	If accidentally swallowed obtain immediate medical attention. Keep at rest. Rinse mouth with plenty of water. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use a proprietary skin cleaner. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. If irritation or inflammation persists, seek medical attention.
Eye contact	Contact lenses should be removed. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart, and seek medical advice.
4.2. Most important sympto	oms and effects, both acute and delayed
Inhalation	Exposure to vapours may result in irritation of the mucous membrane and the respiratory system; in severe cases burns may occur.
Ingestion	May cause chemical burns in mouth, oesophagus and stomach.
Skin contact	Contact with skin or any living tissue may cause burns, in severe cases complete tissue destruction may occur. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact	Contact with eyes may cause severe irritation with corneal injury, which may result in permanent impairment of vision.
4.3. Indication of any imme	ediate medical attention and special treatment needed
	None.

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Use: sand, alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide, chemical powder, or water fog for larger fires.
	Do NOT use water jet.
5.2. Special hazards arising fr	om the substance or mixture
Hazardous combustion products	In a fire, hazardous decomposition products such as smoke, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, oxides of nitrogen and ammonia may be produced.
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Protective actions during firefighting	Fire will produce dense black smoke containing hazardous products of combustion. Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to health. Appropriate self-contained breathing apparatus may be required. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or watercourses.
SECTION 6: Accidental release	se measures
6.1. Personal precautions, pro	tective equipment and emergency procedures
Personal precautions	Exclude non-essential personnel. Keep up-wind of spill to avoid breathing vapours. Do not get on skin or in eyes.
6.2. Environmental precaution	<u>IS</u>
Environmental precautions	Prevent spills from entering drains or sewers. If the product enters drains or sewers in large quantities, the local Water Company should be contacted immediately; in the case of contamination of streams, rivers or lakes, the appropriate National regulating agency.
6.3. Methods and material for	containment and cleaning up
Methods for cleaning up	Contain and collect spillages with non-combustible absorbent materials e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place into a suitable labelled container. Clean surfaces down with a water and detergent mixture. Do not allow spilled product or the associated washings to enter surface water drains or watercourses.
6.4. Reference to other sectio	ns
Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see Section 8. For waste disposal, see section 13. For information on National regulating agencies refer to Section 16.
SECTION 7: Handling and sto	rage
7.1. Precautions for safe hand	lling
Usage precautions	Vapours may collect in the container headspace during transit or prolonged storage. Do not breathe vapour when opening the container. Keep the container tightly closed when not in use. Where possible open containers and mix components in a well ventilated place away from the application area. Exclude non-essential personnel. Minimise the number of employees exposed and the duration of their exposure. Do not get on skin or in eyes. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in areas of storage and use. For personal protection see Section 8. Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container. Ensure emergency equipment (for fires, spills, leaks, etc.) is readily available. Good housekeeping methods and regular safe removal of waste materials should be observed. FIRE/EXPLOSION This product is combustible. Exclude sources of heat, sparks and open flame.
Advice on general	Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Ensure

occupational hygiene

Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Ensure eye wash facilities (fountain, bottle, vials, etc.) are readily available. Do not put contaminated articles or equipment e.g. spatulas, applicators, brushes, cloths etc., into pockets. Where necessary, contaminated work clothing and shoes should be removed to prevent cross contamination of surfaces and the risk of inadvertent skin contact and ingestion.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions	Observe the label precautions. Store between 5 $^\circ\text{C}$ and 30 $^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise stated in a
	dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Store separately from oxidising agents and strongly acidic materials. ENVIRONMENTAL STORAGE PRECAUTIONS Spillage, incorrect storage of chemicals or waste materials or unsuitable disposal activities can result in pollutants seeping through the soil, causing serious harm to groundwater- which is a vital source of drinking water. All wastes, especially liquid wastes, must be securely stored on site in designated areas that are isolated from surface drains and bunded to contain any spillages.
7.3. Specific end use(s)	
Specific end use(s)	Application by stiff bristled brush or rubber squeegee. Mix with Base component before use. Please refer to the relevant Belzona® Instructions For Use for further information.
SECTION 8: Exposure Contr	ols/personal protection
8.1. Control parameters	
Occupational exposure limits DIETHYLENETRIAMINE	
Long-term exposure limit (8-h Sk	nour TWA): WEL 1 ppm 4.3 mg/m ³
WEL = Workplace Exposure Sk = Can be absorbed throug	Limit gh the skin.
Ingredient comments	During standard, non-spray applications, the risk of exposure by inhalation to hazardous concentrations of diethylenetriamine under normal working conditions in a well ventilated area is minimal.
8.2. Exposure controls	
Appropriate engineering controls	Use in well ventilated areas or provide adequate mechanical ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of vapours below the relevant occupational exposure limits, suitable respiratory protective equipment should be worn (see 'Respiratory protection' below).
Eye/face protection	It is recommended that eye protection, for example safety spectacles or goggles are worn at all times during the handling and use of this material. Eye protection should be selected in accordance with EN 166 Personal eye protection.
Hand protection	Hand protection should be selected in accordance with EN 374 Protective gloves against chemicals. The breakthrough time of the gloves selected should exceed the expected use period. Where this is not possible gloves should be changed in good time, and in any case before the breakthrough time is exceeded. If any doubt exists, advice should be sought from glove suppliers on appropriate types. Barrier creams may help to protect exposed areas of skin but are not substitutes for full physical protection. They should not be applied once exposure has occurred. SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS Wear protective gloves made of the following material: Neoprene. Nitrile rubber. STANDARD APPLICATIONS Medium-heavy weight gauntlet type gloves that provide wrist protection are suitable. EMERGENCY REPAIRS OR APPLICATION OF SINGLE UNITS Light weight disposable gloves are normally suitable.
Other skin and body protection	STANDARD APPLICATIONS Synthetic polyethylene coveralls such as the Tyvek PRO- TECH® or equivalent coveralls manufactured to EN 13034 Type 6, Protective clothing against

SINGLE UNITS Cotton overalls are normally suitable.

liquid chemicals. Grossly contaminated clothing should be removed and the skin washed with soap and water or a proprietary skin cleaner. EMERGENCY REPAIRS OR APPLICATION OF

Respiratory protection It is essential that the concentration of the contaminant(s) in the application environment does not exceed the applicable Occupational Exposure Limit(s) (OELs) multiplied by the Assigned Protection Factor (APF) quoted for the respiratory protective equipment selected. STANDARD APPLICATIONS Where necessary, it is recommended that respiratory protective equipment that complies with EN 136 (full face mask) or EN 140 (half face mask) should be worn in combination with an organic/inorganic vapours, acid gases and ammonia cartridge (ABEK1). Where the application environment is likely to be contaminated by significant concentrations of dust then the appropriate particulate prefilter (N-, R- or, P-series) should be worn in combination with the above. It is essential that the facepiece is correctly fitted and the filter is changed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. EMERGENCY REPAIRS OR APPLICATION OF SINGLE UNITS Respiratory protection is not normally required but it may be required when this product is used in confined spaces or where adequate ventilation cannot be achieved.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties		
Appearance	Liquid.	
Colour	Amber.	
Odour	Amine.	
Odour threshold	Not applicable.	
рН	Alkaline.	
Melting point	Not available.	
Initial boiling point and range	>190°C/>374°F @ 760 mm Hg	
Flash point	>100°C/>212°F CC (Closed cup).	
Evaporation rate	Not available.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.	
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Not applicable.	
Vapour pressure	<0.1 kPa @ 20°C/68°F	
Vapour density	> 1	
Relative density	0.98 - 1.08 @ 20°C/68°F	
Solubility(ies)	Not available.	
Partition coefficient	Not available.	
Auto-ignition temperature	Not applicable.	
Decomposition Temperature	Not available.	
Viscosity	Not available.	
Explosive properties	Not applicable.	
Oxidising properties	Not applicable.	
9.2. Other information		
Other information	This section contains typical values for Health, Safety and Environmental guidance only and is not intended to represent a technical specification for the product.	

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity		
10.1. Reactivity		
Reactivity	There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.	
10.2. Chemical stability		
Stability	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).	
10.3. Possibility of hazardous r	eactions	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No hazardous reactions expected when stored and handled as recommended.	
10.4. Conditions to avoid		
Conditions to avoid	There are no known conditions that are likely to result in a hazardous situation.	
10.5. Incompatible materials		
Materials to avoid	Keep away from oxidising agents and strongly acidic materials to prevent the possibility of exothermic reaction.	
10.6. Hazardous decompositio	n products	
Hazardous decomposition products	Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended.	
SECTION 11: Toxicological inf	ormation	
11.1. Information on toxicologic	cal effects	
Toxicological effects	The toxicological values quoted in this section have been calculated, therefore LD50/LC50 values can be considered as Acute Toxicity Estimates (ATEs).	
Acute toxicity - oral Notes (oral LD₅₀)	>700 mg/kg, Oral, Harmful if swallowed.	
Acute toxicity - dermal Notes (dermal LD ₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Acute toxicity - inhalation Notes (inhalation LC ₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Skin corrosion/irritation Animal data	Corrosive to skin.	
Serious eye damage/irritation Serious eye damage/irritation	Skin corrosive; corrosivity to eyes is assumed. No testing is needed.	
Respiratory sensitisation Respiratory sensitisation	Conclusive data but not sufficient for classification. Diethylenetriamine, a component of this product, may cause respiratory sensitisation in susceptible individuals.	
Skin sensitisation Skin sensitisation	May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.	
Germ cell mutagenicity Genotoxicity - in vitro	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Genotoxicity - in vivo	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Carcinogenicity Carcinogenicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	

IARC carcinogenicity	Not liste	ed.
NTP carcinogenicity	Not liste	ed.
Reproductive toxicity		
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Based o	on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity - development	Based o	on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxicity	- single ex	posure
STOT - single exposure	•	tory irritant effects that impair function with symptoms such as cough, pain, choking, athing difficulties.
Specific target organ toxicity	- repeated	exposure
STOT - repeated exposure	Harmful	: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure if swallowed.
Target organs	Kidneys	
Aspiration hazard Aspiration hazard	Based o	on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Route of entry	Inhalatio	on Ingestion Skin and/or eye contact
Medical considerations	problem	ntact constitutes a pronounced hazard. Persons with a history of skin sensitisation is should only be employed in processes in which this product is used under iate medical supervision.
Toxicological information on i	ngredients	<u></u>
		BENZYL ALCOHOL
Toxicological ef	ects	May be absorbed through the skin.
Acute toxicity - oral		
Acute toxicity or mg/kg)	al (LD₅₀	1,230.0
Species		Rat
ATE oral (mg/kg)		1,230.0
Acute toxicity - i	nhalation	
Acute toxicity in (LC₅₀ dust/mist i		4.178
Species		Rat
ATE inhalation (dusts/mists mg	(1)	4.178

DIETHYLENETRIAMINE

Toxicological effects

May be absorbed through the skin. During standard, non-spray applications, the risk of exposure by inhalation to hazardous concentrations of diethylenetriamine under normal working conditions in a well ventilated area is minimal.

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	1,553.0
Species	Rat
ATE oral (mg/kg)	1,553.0
Acute toxicity - dermal	
Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅ mg/kg)	1,045.0
Species	Rabbit
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	1,045.0
Acute toxicity - inhalation	
Acute toxicity inhalation (LC∞ dust/mist mg/l)	0.07
Species	Rat
Notes (inhalation LC₅₀)	NOAEL
ATE inhalation (dusts/mists mg/l)	0.07
METHYLI	ENEOXIDE, POLYMER WITH BENZENAMINE, HYDROGENATED
Acute toxicity - oral	
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	500.0
Species	Rat
ATE oral (mg/kg)	500.0
Specific target organ toxicit	y - repeated exposure
STOT - repeated exposure	Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure if swallowed.
Target organs	Kidneys
	M-PHENYLENEBIS(METHYLAMINE)
Toxicological effects	
Acute toxicity - oral	
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	930.0
Species	Rat
ATE oral (mg/kg)	930.0
Acute toxicity - dermal	
Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	3,100.0
Species	Rat
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	3,100.0

Acute toxicity - in	halation	
Acute toxicity inh (LC∞ dust/mist m		
Species	Rat	
ATE inhalation (dusts/mists mg/l	1.34	
	DGEBA REACTION PRODUCT WITH DIETHYLENETRIAMINE	
Acute toxicity - or		
ATE oral (mg/kg)	500.0	
SECTION 12: Ecological Inform	mation	
Ecotoxicity	There is no data on the product itself. The following information is provided on the basis of the individual component data available.	
12.1. Toxicity		
Toxicity	Based on the individual component data, the products LC50/EC50/IC50 are expected to be be between 10 and 100 mg/l in most sensitive species.	
12.2. Persistence and degrada	ability	
Persistence and degradability	Not expected to be rapidly biodegradable according to OECD/EC guidelines.	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potentia	<u>al</u>	
Bioaccumulative potential	Based on the individual component data, the product is expected to bioaccumulate.	
Partition coefficient	Not available.	
12.4. Mobility in soil		
Mobility	There is no data available on the product itself.	
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment		
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	Based on information received from our suppliers no PBT or vPvB substances are intentionally added to this product.	
12.6. Other adverse effects		
Other adverse effects	None known.	
SECTION 13: Disposal considerations		
13.1. Waste treatment methods		

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal methods	Do not allow into drains or watercourses or dispose of where ground or surface waters may be affected. Controlled wastes include non-hazardous industrial and hazardous chemical wastes. All controlled wastes should be disposed of in accordance with regulations made under the Control of Pollution Act and the Environmental Protection Act. In addition, hazardous chemical wastes should be disposed of in accordance with the Hazardous Waste Regulations. When in doubt, using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the National regulating agency whether the Hazardous Waste Regulations apply. Refer to information sources listed in Section 16. COMPONENT DISPOSAL TRANSIT PACKAGING: shrink or stretch wrap, boxes and fittings that have not been contaminated with product should be re-used or recycled. UNREACTED PRODUCT and empty uncleaned containers should be disposed of as hazardous chemical waste. REACTED PRODUCT, contaminated mixing boards, spatulas, applicators, brushes, nominally empty containers and mixing bowls- once fully cured- should be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.
Waste class	List of Waste (LoW) code: 08 01 11*. *Hazardous waste pursuant to Directive 91/689/EEC. The LoW code quoted in this section is a general entry. LoW codes should be assigned based on the end use of the product. Where a more specific code is available it should be used in preference to the code given above. Where in doubt refer to the List of Wastes, your local licensed waste contractor or the National regulating agency. Refer to information sources listed in Section 16.
SECTION 14: Transport information	

General	Labelling and packaging requirements may vary with pack and load size. Please refer to the current transport regulations. Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of accident or spillage.	
14.1. UN number		
UN No. (ADR/RID)	2735	
UN No. (IMDG)	2735	
UN No. (ICAO)	2735	
14.2. UN proper shipping name		
Proper shipping name (ADR/RID)	Amines, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. (containing Diethylenetriamine and Formaldehyde, polymer with benzeneamine, hydrogenated mixture)	
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	Amines, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. (containing Diethylenetriamine and Formaldehyde, polymer with benzeneamine, hydrogenated mixture)	
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	Amines, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. (containing Diethylenetriamine and Formaldehyde, polymer with benzeneamine, hydrogenated mixture)	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)		
ADR/RID class	8	
IMDG class	8	
ICAO class/division	8	
14.4. Packing group		
ADR/RID packing group	II	
IMDG packing group	II	
ICAO packing group	II	

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not carried in bulk. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations	The provisions of the Health and Safety at Work Act and the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations with amendments apply to the use of this product at work.
EU legislation	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended).
	Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of
	Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation
	(EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives
	91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC, including amendments. In accordance
	with Regulation (EC) No 453/2010.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

General information	The information contained within this safety data sheet does not constitute the users own assessment of workplace risks as required by other health and safety legislation. As the specific conditions of use of the product are outside the supplier's control, the user is responsible for ensuring that the requirements of relevant National legislation are complied with. The information contained within this safety data sheet is based on the present state of knowledge and current national legislation. It provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects of the product and should not be construed as any guarantee of technical performance or suitability for particular applications.
Key literature references and sources for data	Provision and Use of Personal Protective Equipment Regulations 1992 (SI 1992: 2932). PPG18: Control of Spillages and fire fighting run-off. HSG53 The selection, use and maintenance of respiratory protective equipment, as amended. HSG97 A step by step guide to COSHH assessment. Working with ADR: An introduction to the carriage of dangerous goods by road. UK ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATING AGENCIES: England and Wales- Environment Agency; Scotland- Scottish Environment Protection Agency (SEPA); Northern Ireland- Environment and Heritage Service.
Classification procedures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008	Where there is no test data available for the mixture, the classification has been determined based on the individual component hazard data in accordance with EC 1272/2008.
Training advice	For further information please contact your supplier, Belzona consultant or Belzona direct.

Revision comments	REVISION. This safety data sheet has been revised in the following Section(s): 3, 11, Please observe the REVISION DATE. Should you be reading a safety data sheet that is more than 24 months old or have concerns over its validity, please contact your local Belzona consultant or Belzona direct (sds@belzona.com) and the most current information will be sent to you.
Revision date	13/07/2017
Revision	4.3
SDS number	11180
SDS status	English. Approved.
Hazard statements in full	 H302 Harmful if swallowed. H311 Toxic in contact with skin. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H330 Fatal if inhaled. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 May cause damage to organs (Kidneys) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.