

SAFETY DATA SHEET BELZONA® 1593 BASE

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking				
1.1. Product identifier				
Product name	BELZONA® 1593 BASE			
Product number	SN2783			
1.2. Relevant identified uses of	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against			
Identified uses	System for high temperature equipment handling water, aqueous solutions and hydrocarbons. For industrial use only.			
Uses advised against	The product should not be used for purposes other than those recommended in the appropriate Instructions For Use (IFU) leaflet.			
1.3. Details of the supplier of t	he safety data sheet			
Supplier	Belzona Polymerics Limited Claro Road, Harrogate HG1 4DS United Kingdom +44 1423 567641 sds@belzona.com			
Manufacturer	Belzona Polymerics Limited Claro Road, Harrogate HG1 4DS United Kingdom +44 1423 567641 sds@belzona.com			
1.4. Emergency telephone nu	mber			
Emergency telephone	VelocityEHS: +1 813-248-0585			
SECTION 2: Hazards identification				
2.1. Classification of the subst	ance or mixture			
Classification (SI 2019 No. 72				
Physical hazards	Not Classified			
Health hazards	Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1 - H317			
Environmental hazards	Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412			
Reference	The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.			
2.2. Label elements				
Hazard pictograms				

Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	H315 Causes skin irritation. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	 P273 Avoid release to the environment. P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection. P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor. P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.
Supplemental label information	Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.
Contains	EPOXY PHENOL NOVOLAC RESIN, GLYCIDOXYPROPYLTRIMETHOXYSILANE, BISPHENOL F- EPOXY RESIN

2.3. Other hazards

Based on information received from our suppliers no PBT or vPvB substances are intentionally added to this product. This product does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties at $\geq 0.1\%$.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

EPOXY PHENOL NOVOLAC RESIN		10-30%
CAS number: 28064-14-4		
Classification Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411		
GLYCIDOXYPROPYLTRIMETHOXYSILANE		< 5%
CAS number: 2530-83-8	EC number: 219-784-2	
Classification Eye Dam. 1 - H318		

1-5%

BIS[4-(2,3-EPOXYPROPOXY)PHENYL]PROPANE

CAS number: 1675-54-3

EC number: 216-823-5

This substance has specific concentration limits. Eye Irrit. 2 - H319C \ge 5%. Skin Irrit. 2 - H315C \ge 5%.

Classification

Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

TITANIUM OXIDE	1-5%		
CAS number: 13463-67-7	EC number: 236-675-5		
Classification Carc. 2 - H351			
BISPHENOL F- EPOXY RE	SIN 1-5%		
CAS number: 9003-36-5	EC number: 500-006-8		
Classification Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411			
The full text for all hazard sta	tements is displayed in Section 16.		
Composition comments	This mixture contains ≥ 1% Titanium Dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7). The Annex VI classification of Titanium Dioxide does not apply to this mixture according to its Note 10.		
Ingredient notes	EPOXY RESIN (Number average MW<=700) and BIS-[4-(2,3- EPOXIPROPOXI)PHENYL]PROPANE have been used interchangeably on the SDS and labels.		
SECTION 4: First aid measu	res		
4.1. Description of first aid m	easures		
General information	In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.		
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. Keep the patient warm and at rest. Give nothing by mouth.		
Ingestion	If accidentally swallowed obtain immediate medical attention. Keep at rest. Rinse mouth with plenty of water. Do NOT induce vomiting.		
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use a proprietary skin cleaner. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. If irritation or inflammation persists, seek medical attention.		
Eye contact	Contact lenses should be removed. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart, and seek medical advice.		
4.2. Most important symptom	s and effects, both acute and delayed		
Skin contact	Prolonged or repeated contact with the skin or mucous membrane may result in irritant symptoms such as redness, blistering or dermatitis. Onset of symptoms may be delayed. May cause allergic skin reaction.		
Eye contact	Contact with eyes may cause severe irritation with corneal injury, which may result in permanent impairment of vision.		
4.3. Indication of any immedi	ate medical attention and special treatment needed		
Notes for the doctor	None.		
SECTION 5: Firefighting mea	Isures		
5.1. Extinguishing media			

Suitable extinguishing media	Use: sand, alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide, chemical powder, or water fog for larger fires. Do NOT use water jet.		
5.2. Special hazards arising fr	om the substance or mixture		
Hazardous combustion products	In a fire, hazardous decomposition products such as smoke, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide may be produced.		
5.3. Advice for firefighters			
Protective actions during firefighting	Fire will produce dense black smoke containing hazardous products of combustion. Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to health. Appropriate self-contained breathing apparatus may be required. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or watercourses.		
SECTION 6: Accidental release	se measures		
6.1. Personal precautions, pro	ptective equipment and emergency procedures		
Personal precautions	Exclude non-essential personnel. Keep up-wind of spill to avoid breathing vapours. Do not get on skin or in eyes.		
6.2. Environmental precaution	IS		
Environmental precautions	Prevent product entering drains or sewers. If the product enters drains or sewers in large quantities, the local Water Company should be contacted immediately; in the case of contamination of streams, rivers or lakes, the appropriate National regulating agency.		
6.3. Methods and material for	containment and cleaning up		
Methods for cleaning up	Contain and collect spillages with non-combustible absorbent materials e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place into a suitable labelled container. Clean surfaces down with a water and detergent mixture. Do not allow spilled product or the associated washings to enter surface water drains or watercourses.		
6.4. Reference to other sectio	ns		
Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see Section 8. For waste disposal, see section 13. For information on National regulating agencies refer to Section 16.		
SECTION 7: Handling and sto	brage		
7.1. Precautions for safe hand	Jling		
Usage precautions	Keep the container tightly closed when not in use. Vapours may collect in the container headspace during transit or prolonged storage. Do not breathe vapour when opening the container. Where possible open containers and mix components in a well ventilated place away from the application area. Exclude non-essential personnel. Minimise the number of employee exposed and the duration of their exposure. Do not get on skin or in eyes. Smok eating and drinking should be prohibited in areas of storage and use. For personal protecti see Section 8. Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply contain Ensure emergency equipment (for fires, spills, leaks, etc.) is readily available. FIRE/EXPLOSION This product is combustible. Exclude sources of heat, sparks and open flame. Good housekeeping standards and regular safe removal of waste materials will minimise the risks of spontaneous combustion and other fire hazards.		
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Ensure eye wash facilities (fountain, bottle, vials, etc.) are readily available. Do not put contaminated articles or equipment e.g. spatulas, applicators, brushes, cloths etc., into pockets. Where		

necessary, contaminated work clothing and shoes should be removed to prevent cross contamination of surfaces and the risk of inadvertent skin contact and ingestion.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions	Observe the label precautions. Store between 5 °C and 30 °C unless otherwise stated in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Store separately from oxidising agents and strongly alkaline and strongly acidic materials. ENVIRONMENTAL STORAGE PRECAUTIONS Spillage, incorrect storage of chemicals or waste materials or unsuitable disposal activities can result in pollutants seeping through the soil, causing serious harm to groundwater- which is a vital source of drinking water. All wastes, especially liquid wastes, must be securely stored on site in designated areas that are isolated from surface drains and bunded to contain any spillages.	
7.3. Specific end use(s)		
Specific end use(s)	Application by stiff bristled brush or rubber squeegee. Application by plastic applicator provided. Mix with Solidifier component before use. Please refer to the relevant Belzona® Instructions For Use for further information.	
SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection		

8.1. Control parameters Occupational exposure limits TITANIUM OXIDE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 4 mg/m³ respirable dust Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m³ inhalable dust WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit.

BIS[4-(2,3-EPOXYPROPOXY)PHENYL]PROPANE (CAS: 1675-54-3)

DNEL	Workers - Dermal; Short term systemic effects: 8.3 mg/kg/day Workers - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 12.3 mg/m ³ Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 8.3 mg/kg/day Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 12.3 mg/m ³ General population - Dermal; Short term systemic effects: 3.6 mg/kg/day General population - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 0.75 mg/m ³ General population - Oral; Short term systemic effects: 3.6 mg/kg/day General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 3.6 mg/kg/day General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 0.75 mg/kg/day General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 0.75 mg/kg/day
PNEC	Fresh water; 0.003 mg/l Sediment (Freshwater); 0.5 mg/kg marine water; 0.0003 mg/l Sediment (Marinewater); 0.5 mg/kg Intermittent release; 0.013 mg/l STP; 10 mg/l Sediment; 0.05 mg/kg BISPHENOL F- EPOXY RESIN (CAS: 9003-36-5)
DNEL	Workers - Dermal; Short term local effects: 0.0083 mg/cm ² Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 104.15 mg/kg/day Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 29.39 mg/m ³ Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 62.5 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 8.7 mg/m ³ Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 6.25 mg/kg/day

PNEC	Fresh water; 0.003 mg/l Sediment (Freshwater); 0.294 mg/kg marine water; 0.0003 mg/l Sediment (Marinewater); 0.0294 mg/kg Intermittent release; 0.0254 mg/l STP; 10 mg/l Soil; 0.237 mg/kg		
8.2. Exposure controls			
Appropriate engineering controls	Use in well ventilated areas or provide adequate mechanical ventilation. Where reasonably practicable adequate ventilation should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of vapours below the relevant occupational exposure limits, suitable respiratory protective equipment should be worn (see 'Respiratory protection' below).		
Eye/face protection	It is recommended that eye protection, for example safety spectacles or goggles are worn at all times during the handling and use of this material. Eye protection should be selected in accordance with EN 166 Personal eye protection. During subsequent machining, grinding, abrasion or removal of this product appropriate eye protection should be selected according to the type of tools or equipment used.		
Hand protection	Hand protection should be selected in accordance with EN 374 Protective gloves against chemicals. The breakthrough time of the gloves selected should exceed the expected use period. Where this is not possible gloves should be changed in good time, and in any case before the breakthrough time is exceeded. If any doubt exists, advice should be sought from glove suppliers on appropriate types. Barrier creams may help to protect exposed areas of skin but are not substitutes for full physical protection. They should not be applied once exposure has occurred. SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS Wear protective gloves made of the following material: Nitrile rubber. Medium-heavy weight gauntlet type gloves that provide wrist protection are suitable.		
Other skin and body protection	STANDARD APPLICATIONS Synthetic polyethylene coveralls such as the Tyvek PRO- TECH® or equivalent coveralls manufactured to EN 13034 Type 6, Protective clothing against liquid chemicals. Grossly contaminated clothing should be removed and the skin washed with soap and water or a proprietary skin cleaner. APPLICATION OF SMALL QUANTITIES Cotton overalls are normally suitable.		
Respiratory protection	Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Respirator selection must be based on exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. It is essential that the concentration of the contaminant(s) in the application environment does not exceed the applicable Occupational Exposure Limit(s) (OELs) multiplied by the Assigned Protection Factor (APF) quoted for the respiratory protective equipment selected. Respiratory protection is not normally required, but the hazards of the Solidifier component should be considered for mixing and application purposes. Respiratory protection is not normally required but it may be required when this product is used in confined spaces or where adequate ventilation cannot be achieved. Where necessary, it is recommended that respiratory protective equipment that complies with EN 136 (full face mask) or EN 140 (half face mask) should be worn in combination with an organic/inorganic vapours, acid gases and ammonia cartridge (ABEK1). Where the application environment is likely to be contaminated by significant concentrations of dust then the above. It is essential that the facepiece is correctly fitted and the filter is changed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. In confined or poorly-ventilated spaces, a supplied-air respirator must be worn.		

9.1. Information on basic phys	ical and chemical properties	
Appearance	Liquid.	
Colour	Grey	
Odour	Epoxy.	
Odour threshold	Not applicable.	
рН	Not applicable.	
Melting point	Not available.	
Initial boiling point and range	>200°C/>392°F @ 760 mm Hg	
Flash point	>110°C/>230°F Closed cup.	
Evaporation rate	Not available.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.	
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Not applicable.	
Vapour pressure	< 0.133 kPa @ 20°C/68°F	
Vapour density	> 1	
Relative density	1.91 - 2.01 @ 20°C/68°F	
Solubility(ies)	Immiscible with water.	
Partition coefficient	Not available.	
Auto-ignition temperature	>300°C/>572°F	
Decomposition Temperature	>200°C/>392°F	
Viscosity	> 100 P @ 20°C/68°F	
Explosive properties	Not applicable.	
Oxidising properties	Not applicable.	
9.2. Other information		
Other information	This section contains typical values for Health, Safety and Environmental guidance only and is not intended to represent a technical specification for the product.	
SECTION 10: Stability and rea	activity	
10.1. Reactivity		
Reactivity	There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.	
10.2. Chemical stability		
Stability	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).	
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions		
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No hazardous reactions expected when stored and handled as recommended.	
10.4. Conditions to avoid		
Conditions to avoid	There are no known conditions that are likely to result in a hazardous situation.	
10.5. Incompatible materials		

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Materials to avoid	Keep away from oxidising agents and strongly alkaline and strongly acidic materials to prevent the possibility of exothermic reaction.		
10.6. Hazardous decompositio	on products		
Hazardous decomposition products	Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended.		
SECTION 11: Toxicological int	formation		
11.1. Information on toxicologi	cal effects		
Acute toxicity - oral			
Notes (oral LD₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.		
Acute toxicity - dermal			
Notes (dermal LD₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.		
Acute toxicity - inhalation			
Notes (inhalation LC₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.		
Skin corrosion/irritation			
Animal data	Irritating to skin.		
Serious eye damage/irritation Serious eye damage/irritation	Contact with eyes may cause severe irritation with corneal injury, which may result in		
Senous eye damage/imaion	permanent impairment of vision.		
Respiratory sensitisation			
Respiratory sensitisation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.		
Skin sensitisation			
Skin sensitisation	Based on the properties of the epoxy constituent(s) and considering toxicological data on similar preparations, this preparation may be a skin sensitiser. Repeated skin contact may lead to sensitisation with possibly cross-sensitisation to other epoxies.		
Germ cell mutagenicity			
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.		
Genotoxicity - in vivo	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.		
Carcinogenicity			
Carcinogenicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.		
IARC carcinogenicity	Not listed.		
NTP carcinogenicity	Not listed.		
Reproductive toxicity			
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.		
Reproductive toxicity - development	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.		
Specific target organ toxicity -	single exposure		
STOT - single exposure	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.		
Specific target organ toxicity -	repeated exposure		
STOT - repeated exposure	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.		
Aspiration hazard			

Aspiration hazard	Not rel	Not relevant.		
Route of exposure	Skin ar	Skin and/or eye contact		
Medical considerations	probler	Skin contact constitutes a pronounced hazard. Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems should only be employed in processes in which this product is used under appropriate medical supervision.		
Toxicological information or	n ingredient	<u>s.</u>		
		EPOXY PHENOL NOVOLAC RESIN		
Toxicological effects		@@@Repeated skin contact may lead to sensitization with possibly cross- sensitization to other epoxies.@@@		
		GLYCIDOXYPROPYLTRIMETHOXYSILANE		
Toxicological o		@@@No deaths/8h saturated vapor.@@@@@@This organosilane ester was found to be weakly mutagenic in the following in-vitro procedures: Ames test, mouse lymphoma assay, and a sister chromatid exchange test. This weak in-vitro mutagenic activity was reduced by the inclusion of metabolic activation in the test systems. Results of in-vivo genotoxicity studies have shown mixed results. Repeated exposure of rats or rabbits did not result in an increase in sister chromatid exchange, while single exposures of mice to a hydrolyzate of this material resulted in a significant increase in micronucleated polychromatic erythrocytes. It is unlikely that this material represents a significant genotoxic hazard, in that it lacks any local tumorigenic response to the chronic recurrent application to mouse skin.@@@ BIS[4-(2,3-EPOXYPROPOXY)PHENYL]PROPANE @@@Repeated skin contact may lead to sensitization with possibly cross-sensitization to other epoxies.@@@@@ln rare cases, low molecular weight low depoxy regins can cause an allergic respiratory reaction like asthma, based on		
		liquid epoxy resins can cause an allergic respiratory reaction like asthma, based on limited human information. The evidence available is not however, considered to fall within the classification criteria as laid out within the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard nor the Controlled Products Regulations.@@@		
		TITANIUM OXIDE		
Carcinogenicit	<u>y</u>			
IARC carcinog	-	IARC Group 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.		
SECTION 12: Ecological in	ormation			
Ecotoxicity	ticity There is no data on the product itself. The following information is provided on the basis individual component data available.			
12.1. Toxicity				
Toxicity		Based on the individual component data, the products LC50/EC50/IC50 are expected to be be between 10 and 100 mg/l in most sensitive species.		
Ecological information on in	gredients.			
		EPOXY PHENOL NOVOLAC RESIN		

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Toxicity	LC50/EC50 between 1 and 10 mg/l in most sensitive species.		
	BIS[4-(2	,3-EPOXYPROPOXY)PHENYL]PROPANE	
Toxicity	Based on the epoxy resin content, this product is expected to have experimental LC50/EC50/IC50 values between 1 and 10 mg/l in most sensitive species.		
12.2. Persistence and degrada	ility		
Persistence and degradability	Based on the individual component data, the product is not expected to be rapidly biodegradable according to OECD/EC guidelines.		
Ecological information on ingre	lients.		
	Ē	EPOXY PHENOL NOVOLAC RESIN	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegrad	ted to be rapidly biodegradable according to OECD/EC guidelines. ation reached in Carbon Dioxide Evolution Test (Modified Sturm Test, st No. 301B) after 28 days: 10 - 16%.	
	BIS[4-(2	,3-EPOXYPROPOXY)PHENYL]PROPANE	
Persistence and degradability		the epoxy resin content, this product is not expected to be rapidly able according to OECD/EC guidelines.	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potentia			
Bioaccumulative potential	Based on the individual component data, the product is expected to bioaccumulate.		
Partition coefficient	Not available.		
Ecological information on ingre	lients.		
	Ē	POXY PHENOL NOVOLAC RESIN	
Bioaccumulative	otential ***US Only	y***	
	BIS[4-(2	,3-EPOXYPROPOXY)PHENYLJPROPANE	
Bioaccumulative		the epoxy resin content, this product Log octanol/water partition (Log Kow) is expected to be greater than 4.0.	
12.4. Mobility in soil			
Mobility	Aobility There is no data available on the product itself.		
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment			
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	Based on information received from our suppliers no PBT or vPvB substances are intentionally added to this product.		
12.6. Other adverse effects			
Other adverse effects	Other adverse effects None known.		
SECTION 13: Disposal consid	rations		
13.1 Waste treatment method			

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal methods	Do not allow into drains or watercourses or dispose of where ground or surface waters may be affected. Controlled wastes include non-hazardous industrial and hazardous chemical wastes. All controlled wastes should be disposed of in accordance with regulations made under the Control of Pollution Act and the Environmental Protection Act. In addition, hazardous chemical wastes should be disposed of in accordance with the Hazardous Waste Regulations. When in doubt, using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the National regulating agency whether the Hazardous Waste Regulations apply. Refer to information sources listed in Section 16. COMPONENT DISPOSAL TRANSIT PACKAGING: shrink or stretch wrap, boxes and fittings that have not been contaminated with product should be re-used or recycled. UNREACTED PRODUCT and empty uncleaned containers should be disposed of as hazardous chemical waste. REACTED PRODUCT, contaminated mixing boards, spatulas, applicators, brushes, nominally empty containers and mixing bowls- once fully cured- should be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.
Waste class	List of Waste (LoW) code: 08 01 11*. The LoW code quoted in this section is a general entry. LoW codes should be assigned based on the end use of the product. Where a more specific code is available it should be used in preference to the code given above. Where in doubt refer to the List of Wastes (2000/532/EC Comission Decision), your local licensed waste contractor or the National regulating agency. Refer to information sources listed in Section 16.

SECTION 14: Transport information

General

Not classified for transport under current National and International Regulations. Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of accident or spillage.

14.1. UN number

Not applicable.

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Not applicable.

14.4. Packing group

Not applicable.

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not carried in bulk. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations	The provisions of the Health and Safety at Work Act and the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations with amendments apply to the use of this product at work. Relevant EU provisions transposed through retained EU law.
EU legislation	 Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliment and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restrition of chemicals (REACH) (as amended). Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliment and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended).

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

General information	The information contained within this safety data sheet does not constitute the users own assessment of workplace risks as required by other health and safety legislation. As the specific conditions of use of the product are outside the supplier's control, the user is responsible for ensuring that the requirements of relevant National legislation are complied with. The information contained within this safety data sheet is based on the present state of knowledge and current national legislation. It provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects of the product and should not be construed as any guarantee of technical performance or suitability for particular applications.
Key literature references and sources for data	Provision and Use of Personal Protective Equipment Regulations 1992 (SI 1992: 2932). PPG18: Control of Spillages and fire fighting run-off. HSG53 The selection, use and maintenance of respiratory protective equipment, as amended. HSG97 A step by step guide to COSHH assessment. UK ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATING AGENCIES: England and Wales- Environment Agency; Scotland- Scottish Environment Protection Agency (SEPA); Northern Ireland- Environment and Heritage Service.
Classification procedures according to SI 2019 No. 720	Where there is no test data available for the mixture, the classification has been determined based on the individual component hazard data in accordance with EC 1272/2008.
Training advice	For further information please contact your supplier, Belzona consultant or Belzona direct.
Revision comments	REVISION. This safety data sheet has been revised in the following Section(s): 1, 2, 3, 8, 11, 12, 15, Please observe the REVISION DATE. Should you be reading a safety data sheet that is more than 24 months old or have concerns over its validity, please contact your local Belzona consultant or Belzona direct (sds@belzona.com) and the most current information will be sent to you.
Revision date	04/01/2023
Revision	2.7
SDS number	11561
SDS status	English. Approved.
Hazard statements in full	 H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.