

SAFETY DATA SHEET BELZONA® 1381 BASE

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking		
1.1. Product identifier		
Product name	BELZONA® 1381 BASE	
Product number	SN2716, SN2717	
1.2. Relevant identified uses of	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Identified uses	Sprayable erosion-resistant immersion coating designed to operate at temperatures up to 90 °C. For industrial use only.	
Uses advised against	The product should not be used for purposes other than those recommended in the appropriate Instructions For Use (IFU) leaflet.	
1.3. Details of the supplier of t	he safety data sheet	
Supplier	Belzona Polymerics Limited Claro Road, Harrogate HG1 4DS United Kingdom +44 1423 567641 sds@belzona.com	
Manufacturer	Belzona Polymerics Limited Claro Road, Harrogate HG1 4DS United Kingdom +44 1423 567641 sds@belzona.com	
1.4. Emergency telephone nu	mber	
Emergency telephone	VelocityEHS: +1 813-248-0585	
SECTION 2: Hazards identific	ation	
2.1. Classification of the subst	ance or mixture	
Classification (SI 2019 No. 72		
Physical hazards	Not Classified	
Health hazards	Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1 - H317	
Environmental hazards	Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411	
Reference	The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.	
2.2. Label elements		
Hazard pictograms	× V	

Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	H315 Causes skin irritation. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	 P260 Do not breathe spray. P273 Avoid release to the environment. P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor. P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.
Supplemental label information	EUH211 Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.
Contains	EPOXY PHENOL NOVOLAC RESIN, GLYCIDOXYPROPYLTRIMETHOXYSILANE, BUTANEDIOLDIGLYCIDYL ETHER

2.3. Other hazards

Based on information received from our suppliers no PBT or vPvB substances are intentionally added to this product. This product does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties at $\geq 0.1\%$.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1 - H317

EPOXY PHENOL NOVOLAC RE	SIN	30-60%
CAS number: 28064-14-4		
Classification Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411		
GLYCIDOXYPROPYLTRIMETH		< 5%
CAS number: 2530-83-8	EC number: 219-784-2	
Classification		
Eye Dam. 1 - H318		
BUTANEDIOLDIGLYCIDYL ETH	ER	5-10%
CAS number: 2425-79-8	EC number: 219-371-7	
Classification		
Acute Tox. 4 - H302		
Acute Tox. 4 - H312		
Acute Tox. 4 - H332		

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TITANIUM OXIDE	1-5%
CAS number: 13463-67-7	EC number: 236-675-5
Classification Carc. 2 - H351	
The full text for all hazard state	ements is displayed in Section 16.
Composition comments	This mixture contains \ge 1% Titanium Dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7). The Annex VI classification of Titanium Dioxide does not apply to this mixture according to its Note 10.
Ingredient notes	EPOXY RESIN (Number average MW<=700) and BIS-[4-(2,3- EPOXIPROPOXI)PHENYL]PROPANE have been used interchangeably on the SDS and labels.
SECTION 4: First aid measure	95
4.1. Description of first aid mea	asures
General information	In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. Keep the patient warm and at rest. Give nothing by mouth.
Ingestion	If accidentally swallowed obtain immediate medical attention. Keep at rest. Rinse mouth with plenty of water. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use a proprietary skin cleaner. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. If irritation or inflammation persists, seek medical attention. If material is injected under the skin, seek immediate medical attention. Even when there are few or no symptoms do not hesitate to refer the casualty to hospital.
Eye contact	Contact lenses should be removed. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart, and seek medical advice.
4.2. Most important symptoms	and effects, both acute and delayed
Inhalation	Inhalation of airborne droplets or aerosols may cause irritation of the respiratory tract.
Ingestion	Inadvertent ingestion of small amounts of this product through poor hygiene or cross contamination may cause irritation of mucous membranes.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact with the skin or mucous membrane may result in irritant symptoms such as redness, blistering or dermatitis. Onset of symptoms may be delayed. May cause allergic skin reaction. Release during high pressure use may result in injection of material into the skin causing local necrosis.
Eye contact	Contact with eyes may cause severe irritation with corneal injury, which may result in permanent impairment of vision.
4.3. Indication of any immedia	te medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes for the doctor	None.
SECTION 5: Firefighting meas	sures
5.1. Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	Use: sand, alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide, chemical powder, or water fog for larger fires. Do NOT use water jet.
5.2. Special hazards arising fro	om the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion	In a fire, hazardous decomposition products such as smoke, carbon monoxide and carbon	
products	dioxide may be produced.	
5.3. Advice for firefighters Protective actions during firefighting	Fire will produce dense black smoke containing hazardous products of combustion. Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to health. Appropriate self-contained breathing apparatus may be required. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or watercourses.	
SECTION 6: Accidental release	se measures	
6.1. Personal precautions, pro	stective equipment and emergency procedures	
Personal precautions	Exclude non-essential personnel. Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Keep up- wind of spill to avoid breathing vapours. Do not get on skin or in eyes.	
6.2. Environmental precaution	<u>s</u>	
Environmental precautions	Prevent product entering drains or sewers. If the product enters drains or sewers in large quantities, the local Water Company should be contacted immediately; in the case of contamination of streams, rivers or lakes, the appropriate National regulating agency.	
6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up		
Methods for cleaning up	Contain and collect spillages with non-combustible absorbent materials e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place into a suitable labelled container. Clean surfaces down with a water and detergent mixture. Do not allow spilled product or the associated washings to enter surface water drains or watercourses.	
6.4. Reference to other section	ns	
Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see Section 8. For waste disposal, see section 13. For information on National regulating agencies refer to Section 16.	
SECTION 7: Handling and sto	prage	
7.1. Precautions for safe hand	lling	
Usage precautions	Keep the container tightly closed when not in use. Vapours may collect in the container headspace during transit or prolonged storage. Do not breathe vapour when opening the container. Where possible open containers and mix components in a well ventilated place away from the application area. Exclude non-essential personnel. Minimise the number of employees exposed and the duration of their exposure. Do not get on skin or in eyes. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in areas of storage and use. For personal protection see Section 8. Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container. Ensure emergency equipment (for fires, spills, leaks, etc.) is readily available. FIRE/EXPLOSION This product is combustible. Exclude sources of heat, sparks and open flame. Good housekeeping standards and regular safe removal of waste materials will minimise the risks of spontaneous combustion and other fire hazards. SPECIAL When applying the product by heated airless spray, ensure that temperatures are controlled to the minimum that achieves acceptable atomisation. Ensure that containers are loosely covered during pre-heating and application. Ammonia may be given off when heated. Do not breathe vapours/mists. Do not breathe spray during application.	
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Ensure eye wash facilities (fountain, bottle, vials, etc.) are readily available. Do not put contaminated articles or equipment e.g. spatulas, applicators, brushes, cloths etc., into pockets. Where necessary, contaminated work clothing and shoes should be removed to prevent cross contamination of surfaces and the risk of inadvertent skin contact and ingestion.	

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions	Observe the label precautions. Store between 5 °C and 30 °C unless otherwise stated in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Store separately from oxidising agents and strongly alkaline and strongly acidic materials. ENVIRONMENTAL STORAGE PRECAUTIONS Spillage, incorrect storage of chemicals or waste materials or unsuitable disposal activities can result in pollutants seeping through the soil, causing serious harm to groundwater- which is a vital source of drinking water. All wastes, especially liquid wastes, must be securely stored on site in designated areas that are isolated from surface drains and bunded to contain any spillages.
7.3. Specific end use(s)	
Specific end use(s)	Application by brush. Application by heated airless spray. Mix with Solidifier component before use. Please refer to the relevant Belzona® Instructions For Use for further information.
SECTION 8: Exposure controls	s/Personal protection
8.1. Control parameters Occupational exposure limits TITANIUM OXIDE	
	our TWA): WEL 4 mg/m³ respirable dust our TWA): WEL 10 mg/m³ inhalable dust imit.
Ingredient comments	In the absence of specific limits in EH40 for individual substances and where there is the possibility of exposure to particulates from sprayed products the following OEL's should be used:
	respirable particulates 4 mg/m³; total inhalable particulates 10mg/m³
8.2. Exposure controls	
Appropriate engineering controls	STANDARD APPLICATIONS Use in well ventilated areas or provide adequate mechanical ventilation. SPRAY APPLICATIONS Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. Where these controls are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and/or vapours to an acceptable level, suitable respiratory protective equipment should be worn (see 'Respiratory protection' below).

- Eye/face protectionIt is recommended that eye protection, for example safety spectacles or goggles are worn at
all times during the handling and use of this material. Eye protection should be selected in
accordance with EN 166 Personal eye protection. During subsequent machining, grinding,
abrasion or removal of this product appropriate eye protection should be selected according to
the type of tools or equipment used.
- Hand protectionHand protection should be selected in accordance with EN 374 Protective gloves against
chemicals. The breakthrough time of the gloves selected should exceed the expected use
period. Where this is not possible gloves should be changed in good time, and in any case
before the breakthrough time is exceeded. If any doubt exists, advice should be sought from
glove suppliers on appropriate types. Barrier creams may help to protect exposed areas of
skin but are not substitutes for full physical protection. They should not be applied once
exposure has occurred. SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS Wear protective gloves made of
the following material: Nitrile rubber. Medium-heavy weight gauntlet type gloves that provide
wrist protection are suitable.
- Other skin and body
 STANDARD APPLICATIONS\SPRAY APPLICATIONS Synthetic polyethylene coveralls such as the Tyvek PRO-TECH® or equivalent coveralls manufactured to EN 13034 Type 6, Protective clothing against liquid chemicals. Grossly contaminated clothing should be removed and the skin washed with soap and water or a proprietary skin cleaner.

Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Respirator selection must be based on exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. It is essential that the concentration of the contaminant(s) in the application environment does not exceed the applicable Occupational Exposure Limit(s) (OELs) multiplied by the Assigned Protection Factor (APF) guoted for the respiratory protective equipment selected. STANDARD APPLICATIONS Respiratory protection is not normally required, but the hazards of the Solidifier component should be considered for mixing and application purposes. Respiratory protection is not normally required but it may be required when this product is used in confined spaces or where adequate ventilation cannot be achieved. Where necessary, it is recommended that respiratory protective equipment that complies with EN 136 (full face mask) or EN 140 (half face mask) should be worn in combination with an organic/inorganic vapours, acid gases and ammonia cartridge (ABEK1). Where the application environment is likely to be contaminated by significant concentrations of dust then the appropriate particulate prefilter (N-, R- or, P-series) should be worn in combination with the above. It is essential that the facepiece is correctly fitted and the filter is changed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. In confined or poorly-ventilated spaces, a supplied-air respirator must be worn. SPRAY APPLICATIONS Where necessary, it is recommended that respiratory protective equipment that complies with EN 14594 (compressed airline breathing apparatus) is worn if exposure to the applicator or other people nearby cannot be controlled to below the occupational exposure limit and engineering methods cannot reasonably be improved.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties		
Appearance	Liquid.	
Colour	White or Grey.	
Odour	Ероху.	
Odour threshold	Not applicable.	
рН	Not applicable.	
Melting point	Not available.	
Initial boiling point and range	> 200°C/392°F @ 760 mm Hg	
Flash point	> 110°C / 230°F Method: Closed cup.	
Evaporation rate	Not available.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.	
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Not applicable.	
Vapour pressure	Not available.	
Vapour density	Not available.	
Relative density	1.09-1.19 @ 20°C/68°F	
Solubility(ies)	Immiscible with water.	
Partition coefficient	Not available.	
Auto-ignition temperature	> 260°C/500°F	
Decomposition Temperature	> 150°C/302°F	

Viscosity	Not available.
Explosive properties	Not applicable.
Oxidising properties	Not applicable.
9.2. Other information	
Other information	This section contains typical values for Health, Safety and Environmental guidance only and is not intended to represent a technical specification for the product.
SECTION 10: Stability and rea	activity
10.1. Reactivity	
Reactivity	There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.
10.2. Chemical stability	
Stability	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
10.3. Possibility of hazardous	reactions
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No hazardous reactions expected when stored and handled as recommended.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	
Conditions to avoid	There are no known conditions that are likely to result in a hazardous situation.
10.5. Incompatible materials	
Materials to avoid	Keep away from oxidising agents and strongly alkaline and strongly acidic materials to prevent the possibility of exothermic reaction.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition	on products
Hazardous decomposition products	Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended.
SECTION 11: Toxicological in	formation
11.1. Information on toxicologi	cal effects
Acute toxicity - oral	
Notes (oral LD ₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Acute toxicity - dermal Notes (dermal LD∞)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Acute toxicity - inhalation Notes (inhalation LC₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Skin corrosion/irritation Animal data	Irritating to skin.
Serious eye damage/irritation	
Serious eye damage/irritation	May cause blurred vision and serious eye damage.
Respiratory sensitisation Respiratory sensitisation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Skin sensitisation	
Skin sensitisation	Based on the properties of the epoxy constituent(s) and considering toxicological data on similar preparations, this preparation may be a skin sensitiser. Repeated skin contact may lead to sensitisation with possibly cross-sensitisation to other epoxies.

Germ cell mutagenicity	Deced on quailable data the classification exiteria are not mat	
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Genotoxicity - in vivo	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Carcinogenicity Carcinogenicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
IARC carcinogenicity	Not listed.	
NTP carcinogenicity	Not listed.	
Reproductive toxicity Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Reproductive toxicity - development	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Specific target organ toxicity -	single exposure	
STOT - single exposure	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Specific target organ toxicity -	repeated exposure	
STOT - repeated exposure	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Aspiration hazard Aspiration hazard	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
General information	This product does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties at $\geq 0.1\%$.	
Route of exposure	Injection. Skin and/or eye contact	
Medical considerations	Skin contact constitutes a pronounced hazard. Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems should only be employed in processes in which this product is used under appropriate medical supervision.	
Toxicological information on in	gredients.	
	EPOXY PHENOL NOVOLAC RESIN	
Toxicological effe	ects @@@Repeated skin contact may lead to sensitization with possibly cross-sensitization to other epoxies.@@@	
	GLYCIDOXYPROPYLTRIMETHOXYSILANE	
Toxicological effe	ects @@@No deaths/8h saturated vapor.@@@@@This organosilane ester was found to be weakly mutagenic in the following in-vitro procedures: Ames test, mouse lymphoma assay, and a sister chromatid exchange test. This weak in-vitro mutagenic activity was reduced by the inclusion of metabolic activation in the test systems. Results of in-vivo genotoxicity studies have shown mixed results. Repeated exposure of rats or rabbits did not result in an increase in sister chromatid exchange, while single exposures of mice to a hydrolyzate of this material resulted in a significant increase in micronucleated polychromatic erythrocytes. It is unlikely that this material represents a significant genotoxic hazard, in that it lacks any local tumorigenic response to the chronic recurrent application to mouse skin.@@@	

BUTANEDIOLDIGLYCIDYL ETHER

	Tovicelegies offecte		
	Toxicological effects		
	Acute toxicity - oral		
	Acute toxicity oral (LD mg/kg)	50 600.0	
	Species	Rat	
	Acute toxicity - derma	<u> </u>	
	Acute toxicity dermal (mg/kg)	(LD₅o 2,000.0	
	Species	Rat	
		TITANIUM OXIDE	
	Carcinogenicity		
	IARC carcinogenicity	IARC Group 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.	
		· · · ·	
SECTION 12	2: Ecological informatio	n	
Ecotoxicity		ere is no data on the product itself. The following information is provided on the basis of the ividual component data available.	
12.1. Toxicit	У		
Toxicity		sed on the epoxy resin content, this product is expected to have experimental 50/EC50/IC50 values between 1 and 10 mg/l in most sensitive species.	
Ecological ir	nformation on ingredien	its.	
		EPOXY PHENOL NOVOLAC RESIN	
	Toyleit		
ToxicityLC50/EC50 between 1 and 10 mg/l in most sensitive species.			
40.0 Densis	-		
	tence and degradability	<u>/</u>	
	tence and degradability Bas		
Persistence	tence and degradability Bas	sed on the epoxy resin content, this product is not expected to be rapidly biodegradable cording to OECD/EC guidelines.	
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Persistence Ecological ir 12.3. Bioacc	tence and degradability and degradability Bas acc nformation on ingredien Persistence and degradability cumulative potential	Seed on the epoxy resin content, this product is not expected to be rapidly biodegradable cording to OECD/EC guidelines. Ints. EPOXY PHENOL NOVOLAC RESIN Not expected to be rapidly biodegradable according to OECD/EC guidelines. Biodegradation reached in Carbon Dioxide Evolution Test (Modified Sturm Test,	
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Persistence Ecological ir 12.3. Bioacc Bioaccumula Partition coe	tence and degradability and degradability Bas acc nformation on ingredien Persistence and degradability cumulative potential ative potential Bas	Seed on the epoxy resin content, this product is not expected to be rapidly biodegradable cording to OECD/EC guidelines. tts. EPOXY PHENOL NOVOLAC RESIN Not expected to be rapidly biodegradable according to OECD/EC guidelines. Biodegradation reached in Carbon Dioxide Evolution Test (Modified Sturm Test, OECD Test No. 301B) after 28 days: 10 - 16%. seed on the epoxy resin content, this product is expected to bioaccumulate. t available.	
Persistence Ecological ir 12.3. Bioacc Bioaccumula Partition coe	tence and degradability and degradability Bas acc nformation on ingredien Persistence and degradability cumulative potential ative potential Bas efficient Not	Seed on the epoxy resin content, this product is not expected to be rapidly biodegradable cording to OECD/EC guidelines. tts. EPOXY PHENOL NOVOLAC RESIN Not expected to be rapidly biodegradable according to OECD/EC guidelines. Biodegradation reached in Carbon Dioxide Evolution Test (Modified Sturm Test, OECD Test No. 301B) after 28 days: 10 - 16%. seed on the epoxy resin content, this product is expected to bioaccumulate. t available.	
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12.5. Results of PBT and vPvE	3 assessment
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	Based on information received from our suppliers no PBT or vPvB substances are intentionally added to this product.
12.6. Other adverse effects	
Other adverse effects	This product does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties at $\ge 0.1\%$.
SECTION 13: Disposal consid	erations
13.1. Waste treatment method	<u>s</u>
Disposal methods	Do not allow into drains or watercourses or dispose of where ground or surface waters may be affected. Controlled wastes include non-hazardous industrial and hazardous chemical wastes. All controlled wastes should be disposed of in accordance with regulations made under the Control of Pollution Act and the Environmental Protection Act. In addition, hazardous chemical wastes should be disposed of in accordance with the Hazardous Waste Regulations. When in doubt, using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the National regulating agency whether the Hazardous Waste Regulations apply. Refer to information sources listed in Section 16. COMPONENT DISPOSAL TRANSIT PACKAGING: shrink or stretch wrap, boxes and fittings that have not been contaminated with product should be re-used or recycled. UNREACTED PRODUCT and empty uncleaned containers should be disposed of as hazardous chemical waste. REACTED PRODUCT, contaminated mixing boards, spatulas, applicators, brushes, nominally empty containers and mixing bowls- once fully cured- should be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.
Waste class	List of Waste (LoW) code: 08 01 11*. *Hazardous waste pursuant to Directive 91/689/EEC. The LoW code quoted in this section is a general entry. LoW codes should be assigned based on the end use of the product. Where a more specific code is available it should be used in preference to the code given above. Where in doubt refer to the List of Wastes (2000/532/EC Comission Decision), your local licensed waste contractor or the National regulating agency. Refer to information sources listed in Section 16.
SECTION 14: Transport inform	nation
General	Labelling and packaging requirements may vary with pack and load size. Please refer to the current transport regulations. Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of accident or spillage.
14.1. UN number	
UN No. (ADR/RID)	3082
UN No. (IMDG)	3082
UN No. (ICAO)	3082
14.2. UN proper shipping name	8
Proper shipping name (ADR/RID)	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (containing Epoxy resin mixture)
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (containing Epoxy resin mixture)
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (containing Epoxy resin mixture)
14.3. Transport hazard class(e	us)
ADR/RID class	9

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

IMDG class	9
ICAO class/division	9
14.4. Packing group	
ADR/RID packing group	III
IMDG packing group	III
ICAO packing group	III
14 E. Environmental herorda	

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

Yes. Labelling requirements will vary with hazardous net quantity. Please refer to the current transport regulations.

14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not carried in bulk. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations	The provisions of the Health and Safety at Work Act and the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations with amendments apply to the use of this product at work. This product may add to the calculation for determining whether a site is within scope of the Control of Major Accident Hazards Regulations. Relevant EU provisions transposed through retained EU law.
EU legislation	
	Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliment and of the Council of 18 December
	2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restrition of chemicals (REACH) (as amended).
	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliment and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended).

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information		
General information	The information contained within this safety data sheet does not constitute the users own assessment of workplace risks as required by other health and safety legislation. As the specific conditions of use of the product are outside the supplier's control, the user is responsible for ensuring that the requirements of relevant National legislation are complied with.	
Key literature references and sources for data	Provision and Use of Personal Protective Equipment Regulations 1992 (SI 1992: 2932). PPG18: Control of Spillages and fire fighting run-off. HSG53 The selection, use and maintenance of respiratory protective equipment, as amended. HSG97 A step by step guide to COSHH assessment. Working with ADR: An introduction to the carriage of dangerous goods by road. UK ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATING AGENCIES: England and Wales- Environment Agency; Scotland- Scottish Environment Protection Agency (SEPA); Northern Ireland- Environment and Heritage Service.	

Classification procedures according to SI 2019 No. 720	Where there is no test data available for the mixture, the classification has been determined based on the individual component hazard data in accordance with EC 1272/2008.
Training advice	For further information please contact your supplier, Belzona consultant or Belzona direct.
Revision comments	REVISION. This safety data sheet has been revised in the following Section(s): 1, 2, 3, 8, 11, 12, 15, Please observe the REVISION DATE. Should you be reading a safety data sheet that is more than 24 months old or have concerns over its validity, please contact your local Belzona consultant or Belzona direct (sds@belzona.com) and the most current information will be sent to you.
Revision date	31/01/2023
Revision	2.5
SDS number	11488
SDS status	English. Approved.
Hazard statements in full	 H302 Harmful if swallowed. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.